BEHAVIOUR GUIDANCE: BULLYING POLICY

Bullying can occur among children of any ages, sex or background. In most instances, children need adult assistance to deal with bullying. This includes adults taking responsibility to develop strategies for the prevention of bullying, and for dealing fairly and effectively with allegations of bullying.

*My Time, Our Place* identifies secure, respectful and reciprocal relationships with children as one of the principles that underpin practice. Within the Out of School Hours community many different relationships are negotiated with and between children, educators and families. The way in which these relationships are established and maintained, and the way in which they remain visible impacts on how the community functions as a whole. Relationships directly affect how children form their own identity, whether or not they feel safe and supported, and ultimately, their sense of belonging.

NATIONAL QUALITY STANDARD (NQS)

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| QUALITY AREA 5: RELATIONSHIPS WITH CHILDREN | | |
| 5.1.2 | Dignity and rights of the child | The dignity and rights of every child are maintained. |
| 5.2 | Relationships between children | Each child is supported to build and maintain sensitive and responsive relationships. |
| 5.2.1 | Collaborative learning | Children are supported to collaborate, learn from and help each other. |
| QUALITY AREA 6: COLLABORATIVE PARTNERSHIPS WITH FAMILIES & COMMUNITIES | | |
| 6.1 | Supportive relationships with families | Respectful relationships with families are developed and maintained and families are supported in their parenting role. |

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| EDUCATION AND CARE SERVICES NATIONAL REGULATIONS | |
| 155 | Interactions with children |
| 156 | Relationships in groups |
| 168 | Education and care services must have policies and procedures |
| 170 | Policies and procedures to be followed |

RELATED POLICIES

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| Anti-Bias and Inclusion Policy  Behaviour Guidance Policy  Code of Conduct  Interactions with Children, Family and Staff Policy | Privacy and Confidentiality Policy  Termination of Enrolment Policy  Respect for Children Policy |

PURPOSE  
To create a safe and healthy environment for children where bullying behaviours are not tolerated. As reflected in our Service philosophy and the *My Time, Our Place Framework (MTOP),* educators will encourage positive relationships between children and their peers.

SCOPE  
This policy applies to children, families, staff, educators, Approved Provider, Nominated Supervisor and visitors of the OSHC Service.

IMPLEMENTATION

**Our OSHC service does not tolerate bullying of any kind.**

The priority of our service is to ensure the safety of the child being bullied.

Although there may be underlying reasons causing a child to bully others, it is essential that the child being bullied receives the adult attention and support in the first instance. It is important that the needs of the child who bullies does not overshadow the needs of the child being bullied.

The relevant school the child attends may be contacted to ensure consistency between strategies used by the school and whilst in attendance at our service.

TYPES OF BULLYING

The most common types of bullying in the early childhood (K-3) setting are physical and verbal. Some children may also bully others by social isolation/exclusion.

Physical includes:

hitting, punching, kicking, pinching- directed at the same child/ren over an extended period of time.

Verbal includes:

calling children names, taunting them, making sexist/racist statements, making cruel statement about personal attributes, clothing etc.

Social isolation:

Excluding individual children or groups of children from play or social situations

SIGNS OF BULLYING

In many cases, bullying occurs without adults being aware of it. Bullying can include physical violence (hitting, shoving), teasing or name-calling, social exclusion, or intimidation. It often occurs over a period of time. Possible signs a child is being bullied might include:

* unexplained cuts, bruises, scratches
* changes in behaviour, such as becoming moody, teary, depressed
* bedwetting
* complaints of physical ailments such as headaches or stomach aches
* having few friends, or a breakdown in a previous friendship
* does not want to attend school/after school care/vacation care
* does not want to attend parties, visit other children

Children may also disclose to a trusted adult that they are being bullied.

EFFECTS OF BULLYING

Children who are bullied are more likely to be depressed, lonely, and anxious and have low self-esteem. They may frequently feel sick and avoid interactions with others.

PREVENTATIVE STRATEGIES

Bullying thrives where there is not enough supervision. If required, and where possible, OSHC Services should improve upon the staff:child ratios set by the National Standards and National Regulations. The program of activities should be designed to meet the needs and interests of all children in attendance to prevent periods of boredom.

Staff are to model appropriate behaviours towards other staff and children, including refraining from teasing, humiliating, or talking ‘behind another’s back’. This should also include using appropriate language when dealing with behaviour management issues and assisting children to use the same. Children should be encouraged to verbalise their emotions and to develop empathy and compassion.

TALKING ABOUT BULLYING

Educators play an important role in helping children understand and guide their own behaviour as they learn about positive and healthy relationships with others.

Behaviours in the early years (K-3) may be *precursors* to bullying rather than true bullying. This could include making faces, refusing to play together, telling lies or stories about another child, grabbing objects, pushing, pinching or shoving another child. Without intervention, these behaviours could turn into a pattern of bullying.

Educators can assist children recognise bullying behaviour and assist children in developing strategies to develop positive relationships and prevent bullying. Skills to develop to assist in preventing bullying include:

* empathy- understanding and responding to the what others feel
* problem solving- how to resolve problems constructively without using aggression
* language- understanding what to say when the child is feeling targeted by another child- ‘stop it!’

Educators will teach social skills through role-plays, stories and games.

Educators will guide children to practice how to interact with others positively and respectfully when talking about bullying.

PROCEDURE WHEN A CHILD DISCLOSES ALLEGED BULLYING

* refer to the *Behaviour Guidance- Bullying Response Procedure* for steps to undertake when approaching a bullying situation
* listen when a child attempts to tell you about behaviours that might indicate bullying
* learn as much as possible about the children involved and the tactics used
* summarise the problem they are discussing
* ensure the child knows that the educators at the service are there to help them
* provide support and empathy
* empathise with the child and reassure them that it is not their fault
* ask the child what they think could be done to help, what will make them feel safe
* tell the child what action you are planning to take, including that you will need to talk to the alleged bully
* notify the Nominated Supervisor of the allegation
* try to talk with the alleged bully and any witnesses without allowing them the opportunity to discuss

what they may say (bullies often do not act alone, and the responses of the bully and friends may

therefore differ from the victim)

* remember that bullies can be ‘nice’ children from ‘good’ families
* notify all parents involved of the allegation of bullying (refer to *Privacy and* *Confidentiality Policy and Code of Conduct Policy)*
* discuss the situation with the child’s parents and work out a plan to manage the situation

once the investigation is complete, advise the children, parents and Management of the outcome which may result to a suspension.

PROCEDURE WHEN STAFF SUSPECT POSSIBLE BULLYING

* pay closer attention to the suspected victim and their interactions with other children
* tell the child that you are concerned about them and consider asking some questions such as “*Do you have any special friends at after school care?”, “Are there any kids at after school care who you really don’t like?”*
* consider talking with the parents of the child to determine if they have similar concerns.

STRATEGIES FOR DEALING WITH BULLYING

Discussing the behaviour with the child who is bullying others

* make it clear to the bully that this type of behaviour is not acceptable
* don’t force a meeting between the bully and the victim. Forced apologies are not constructive
* encourage the child who is being bullied to report any further occurrences to the staff
* encourage and support the child who is being bullied to develop other friendships
* ask the child who is bullying for possible reasons for the bullying. Address any issues raised as appropriate
* discuss with the child who is bullying and their parents what the possible sanctions may be if the bullying continues.

SANCTIONS

Possible sanctions will be dependent on each individual case, but may include:

* a warning.
* temporary exclusion from the OSHC Service.
* permanent exclusion from the OSHC Service (Termination of Enrolment Policy)

CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT/REFLECTION

Our *Behaviour Guidance- Bullying Policy* will be reviewed on an annual basis in consultation with children, families, staff, educators and management.

RESOURCES

Bullying- NO WAY! [www.bullyingnoway.gov.au](http://www.bullyingnoway.gov.au)

[Eyes on Bullying in Early Childhood](http://www.promoteprevent.org/sites/www.promoteprevent.org/files/resources/Eyes%20on%20Bullying%20in%20Early%20Childhood_1.pdf)

Kids Help line <https://kidshelpline.com.au/kids>

Raising Children <https://raisingchildren.net.au/preschoolers/behaviour/bullying/bullying-signs>

Starting Blocks [*Managing children’s challenging behaviour in child care- bullying*](https://www.startingblocks.gov.au/other-resources/factsheets/managing-children-s-challenging-behaviour-in-child-care-bullying/)

SOURCE

Australian Children’s Education & Care Quality Authority. (2014).

Australian Government Department of Education (2011). *My Time, Our Place: Framework for School Age Care in Australia*.

Early Childhood Australia- Dealing with bullying together: prevention and resolution. (2009).

[Education and Care Services National Regulations](https://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au/view/html/inforce/current/sl-2011-0653?query=((Repealed%3DN+AND+PrintType%3D%22act.reprint%22+AND+PitValid%3D@pointInTime(20200831000000))+OR+(Repealed%3DN+AND+PrintType%3D%22reprint%22+AND+PitValid%3D@pointInTime(20200831000000))+OR+(Repealed%3DN+AND+(PrintType%3D%22epi.reprint%22+OR+PrintType%3D%22epi.electronic%22)+AND+PitValid%3D@pointInTime(20200831000000)))+AND+Content%3D(%22early%22+AND+%22childhood%22)&dQuery=Document+Types%3D%22%3Cspan+class%3D%27dq-highlight%27%3EActs%3C/span%3E,+%3Cspan+class%3D%27dq-highlight%27%3ERegulations%3C/span%3E,+%3Cspan+class%3D%27dq-highlight%27%3EEPIs%3C/span%3E%22,+Search+In%3D%22%3Cspan+class%3D%27dq-highlight%27%3EAll+Content%3C/span%3E%22,+All+Words%3D%22%3Cspan+class%3D%27dq-highlight%27%3Eearly+childhood%3C/span%3E%22,+Point+In+Time%3D%22%3Cspan+class%3D%27dq-highlight%27%3E31/08/2020%3C/span%3E%22). (2011).

Starting Blocks *Managing children’s challenging behaviour in child care- bullying*

US Education Development Centre- Preventing Bullying in Early Childhood <http://preventingbullying.promoteprevent.org/preventing-bullying-in-early-childhood>

REVIEW

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| POLICY REVIEWED BY | Nisha Ahrens | Director | 15.8.23 |
| POLICY REVIEWED | August 2023 | NEXT REVIEW DATE | August 2024 |
| VERSION NUMBER | V.6.12.22 | | |
| MODIFICATIONS | * policy maintenance - no major changes to policy * hyperlinks checked and repaired as required * minor formatting edits within text * continuous improvement/reflection section added * link to Western Australian Education and Care Services National Regulations added in ‘Sources’ | | |
| POLICY REVIEWED | PREVIOUS MODIFICATIONS | | NEXT REVIEW DATE |
| August 2023 | * minor edits * reviewed to align to regular Policy Review calendar * sources checked | | August 2024 |
| August 2023 | * additional sections added to policy- types of bullying in EC; talking about bullying * resource section added for staff and families * sources checked and modified | | August 2024 |
| August 2023 | * Related Policies added * Minor edits to formatting for consistency | | August 2024 |
| August 2023 | * New policy drafted | | August 2024 |